

# BULGARIANS AT TCHATALDJA LINE

Vanguard and Flying Columns  
Arrive at Final Moslem De-  
fences—Main Attack  
Expected To-day.

NO TIME TO RECUPERATE

Sublime Porte Has Only Small  
Hope That Turkish Army  
Can Prevent Enemy's  
Advance on Con-  
stantinople.

Sofia, Nov. 6.—The Bulgarian van-  
guard, it is said, has reached Lake  
Derkas, one detachment passing be-  
tween the lake and the sea.

Another line of the Bulgarian ad-  
vance is reported to be attacking the  
forts in front of the town of Tchataldja,  
while still another column, which  
marched down the main road from  
Tchataldja to Silivri, is now advancing  
towards Bogados, for the purpose of forcing a  
passage along the coast of the Sea of  
Marmora.

These, however, are only flying col-  
umns. The main body has not yet be-  
gun its attack on the Tchataldja for-  
tifications.

London, Nov. 7.—Bulgaria is giving  
the broken Turkish army no time to  
recuperate. In accordance with the  
tactics adopted throughout the war,  
the Bulgarians are following up the  
defeated Turks with extraordinary  
energy. Flying columns are pushing  
along the seacoast towards the Tchata-  
ldja lines, and it is believed that the  
main attack will be delivered to-day  
or on Friday.

Constantinople appears to have lost  
hope of stemming the victorious ad-  
vance even at Tchataldja, and the  
Turkish court is ready to cross into  
Asia. Apparently, however, the Bul-  
garian government has no aspirations  
regarding Constantinople itself, and  
would be ready to conclude peace pro-  
vided Turkey agreed to surrender  
Adrianople and some other positions  
in the western theatre of war and  
give a guarantee to bring no more re-  
inforcements from Asia.

That the Porte obviously has little  
hope of holding the lines of Tchataldja  
is shown in the continuance of its en-  
deavors to enlist the sympathies and  
assistance of the powers in order to  
bring about a cessation of hostilities.  
Nevertheless, the commissariat depart-  
ment of the Turkish army, to which  
the blame for the series of frightful  
defeats can be largely laid, at last  
realized that even Turkish soldiers  
cannot fight on empty stomachs. It is  
harrying bread to the works and  
trenches across the narrow peninsula,  
as the one means left of stemming  
the stampede and keeping the soldiers  
in the forts and trenches, thus prevent-  
ing them from overrunning Constantinople.

Europe's Task Difficult.

The Porte shows no disposition as yet  
to treat for peace direct with the allies,  
and until the big Tchataldja battle  
has been ended the diplomatic situation  
is not likely to be changed. What will  
happen then it is impossible to fore-  
see, the only thing certain being that  
the European concert, which is not too  
harmonious, will be faced by the most  
difficult and thorny task of settling the  
rival claims of the many aspirants for  
Turkish territory.

Albania forms the crux of the posi-  
tion. It is stated that any attempt by  
Serbia to encroach on Albania will be  
regarded by Austria as a casus belli.  
On the other hand, Serbia declares that  
a port on the Adriatic is a matter of  
life and death for her, and she fails to  
see why her presence there should be  
detrimental to the interests of any  
other power. Further, Serbia argues  
that she would only be regaining pos-  
session of what belonged to her before  
the downfall of the Serbian Empire,  
when Adriatic seaports were flourishing  
Serbian cities.

Nothing yet is known of Rumania's  
position in the new deal. The British  
Minister at Bucharest had a three  
hours conference with the Russian  
Minister yesterday on the subject.

Sir Edward Grey in Conference.

The Turkish Ambassador to Great  
Britain had another long conference  
with Sir Edward Grey yesterday, and  
a more optimistic feeling appears to  
prevail in diplomatic circles. It is be-  
lieved that the conversations proceed-  
ing among the powers will result in a  
common basis being reached for media-  
tion.

The speech of Count von Berchtold,  
the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minis-  
ter, encourages the expectation that no  
insuperable difficulty will be found in  
reconciling the interests of Austria-  
Hungary with those of the Balkan  
States.

On the western side of the peninsula  
Scutari continues its resistance. Its  
garrison has scored some successes in  
sorties, but to-day it is reported that  
the Montenegrin army has cut off its  
last communications by taking Alessio  
and the port of San Giovanni di Medua,  
through which Scutari has been ob-  
taining supplies.

The fall of Monastir is not confirmed,  
but is considered not improbable. The  
Greeks are crossing the Vardar River,  
and the fall of Salonica is reported  
imminent.

Adrianople is reported to be in a  
bad way, as the main water supply  
of the city has been cut. Provisions  
are said to be running short, and the  
soldiers of the garrison are fighting  
with the civilians for the small amount  
of food to be obtained.

# TURKS RECOGNIZE THE END HAS COME

Astonished and Dumfounded at Repeated Re-  
verses—Sultan May Leave Constantinople  
for Brusa, Asia Minor.

Constantinople, Nov. 6.—The Council  
of Ministers sat until 11 o'clock to-  
night discussing the military situation  
and the question of mediation. Several  
prominent generals were invited to give  
an opinion on the position of the army.

Comprehensive measures have been  
adopted for the protection of the city  
and the fear of disorders is decreasing,  
particularly since the foreign warships  
have arrived.

The public is astonished and dumfounded  
at the repeated Turkish re-  
verses. It is now recognized on all  
sides that the end has come.

The Mussulman population of the  
towns along the Dardanelles, although  
depressed, maintains calm. Some anti-  
Greek incidents of small importance  
are reported from the outlying vil-  
lages.

**Fear Nazim Is Dead.**  
A persistent rumor is current that  
the Turkish commander, Nazim Pacha,  
is missing, and it is feared that he has  
been killed or made prisoner.

The blockade of the Bulgarian coast  
will be abandoned, as the ships are  
needed for the defence of Constantinople.

It is reported that preparations have  
been made for the Sultan to proceed to  
Brusa, in Asia Minor, if the Bulgarians  
capture the Tchataldja lines.

The threat of the Turks to abandon  
Constantinople entirely is believed to  
have been prompted by a desire to  
stimulate the action of the powers in  
the matter of intervention between the  
belligerents.

The Turkish headquarters staff has  
decided to take up its position immedi-  
ately behind the town of Tchataldja  
and to await there the coming fight  
with the Bulgarian troops.

The left wing and centre of the re-  
treating Turkish army are said to have  
made their retirement in good order,  
but the troops forming the right wing  
were in a state of panic and demoral-  
ization. They achieved considerable  
success in the fighting, but finding  
themselves without food fled to the  
south, abandoning everything.

It is hoped by the Turkish staff that  
the flight of the fugitives will be  
stopped at Tchataldja, to which place  
many trainloads of bread have been  
dispatched since Sunday.

## GREEKS SEIZE TENEDOS

Island Near Entrance to Dar-  
danelles Occupied.

Athens, Nov. 6.—Forces landed to-  
day from a Greek naval squadron oc-  
cupied the Turkish island of Tenedos,  
near the entrance to the Dardanelles.

Negotiations for the surrender of  
Salonica were opened on Friday last  
between the foreign consuls and the  
military authorities, but the Turkish  
commander demanded that his troops  
be allowed to march out with their  
arms and with all the honors of war,  
so that the negotiations fell through.  
The civil governor is said to have com-  
mitted suicide.

The Greek newspapers in discussing  
the proposed general armistice say it  
can be accepted only on condition that  
the Turkish throne be transferred to  
Asia Minor, and that reforms for the  
benefit of the Christian population  
there must also be introduced.

## TURKS OUT OF NOVIPAZAR

Servia's Work There and in  
Macedonia Successfully Ended.

Belgrade, Nov. 6.—The town of Krushevo,  
twenty miles north of Monastir,  
has been captured by the Servians after  
a short resistance.

The town of Perlepe, on the way to  
Monastir, which surrendered yesterday  
to the Servians, offered a stubborn re-  
sistance, and both armies suffered  
heavily.

Novovarosh, the last Turkish position  
in the district of Novipazar, has sur-  
rendered to the Servian troops without  
resistance. Six Turkish officers and  
225 men were taken prisoners and 250  
rifles were handed over to the Ser-  
vians.

A number of correspondents have re-  
turned from headquarters, as no further  
important war operations in Macedonia  
are expected.

Unkub, Nov. 6.—The Turkish army  
defeated by the Servians at Kumanova  
and Kuprili took up positions in the  
mountainous districts between Kuprili  
and Perlepe, where the roads are prac-  
tically impassable.

As the Servian artillery was unable  
to follow them, the infantry was or-  
dered to advance, and, in spite of a  
murderous artillery fire from the  
Turks, took position after position.  
The last ones were carried at the point  
of the bayonet.

The Servian troops have occupied  
Demerkapu Pass, to the southeast of  
Istip, where they found the big rail-  
way bridge intact.

The Montenegrin and Servian armies  
have joined hands at Ipek.

## 36 WARSHIPS IN LEVANT

International Fleet Assembling  
in Turkish Waters.

London, Nov. 6.—The fleet which the  
European nations are assembling in  
Turkish waters will comprise fourteen  
battleships, twenty-two cruisers, fif-  
teen destroyers and auxiliaries.

Admiral Sir Archibald Berkeley-  
Milne, commander in chief of the Brit-  
ish Mediterranean squadron, will be  
the senior officer of this international  
fleet, and is expected to take command  
should concerted operations become  
necessary. Admiral Milne will go into  
Turkish waters with the most powerful  
battle force which has ever flown the  
British flag east of Gibraltar.

The Turkish soldiers place much of  
the blame for their non-success on the  
use of searchlights by the Bulgarians,  
who were thus enabled to carry out  
night attacks. The soldiers learned dur-  
ing the fighting to dread the rays of  
the searchlight.

Five transports conveying Turkish  
troops which were sent to Midia last  
week were unable to land owing to  
the rough sea. They returned here yester-  
day and the men were disembarked  
and sent to the Tchataldja forts.

The government appears at present to  
be able to control the local situation.  
Vigorous measures for the preservation  
of order have been taken by the  
authorities. The patrols in the streets  
have been strengthened by the arrival  
of a large number of military police  
from the cities of Ismid and Brusa,  
about fifty miles from the capital, in  
Asia Minor. These are helping to keep  
the people in check.

## Government Warns Kurds.

A meeting of Kurds was held yester-  
day at St. Sophia, at which various  
questions affecting the war were dis-  
cussed. It was also suggested that a  
brigade of volunteers should be formed.  
After the meeting the military gov-  
ernor of Constantinople summoned the  
leaders of the Kurds and warned them  
that they would be held responsible if  
any of their followers were in any way  
concerned in starting trouble in the  
capital.

Further troops have been sent to  
guard all the approaches to Constanti-  
nople so as to prevent the ingress of  
fugitives.

Notwithstanding these measures and  
the arrival of the foreign war vessels  
the public is still unsettled, and nu-  
merous families continue to leave for  
abroad, while many of those residing  
in the suburbs are coming into the  
inner city.

The medical authorities of the city  
have been notified to prepare to re-  
ceive 20,000 wounded from Lule Bur-  
gas and Visa. It is officially stated  
that these are in addition to the 15,000  
wounded men already in the city. All  
hospitals, including those of the fore-  
ign colonies, are crowded, and most of  
the schools and university buildings in  
Stamboul have been converted into hos-  
pitals.

## TURKISH LOSS APPALLING

Twenty-five Thousand Men in  
Five Days of Fighting.

Sofia, Nov. 6.—The Turkish army  
commanded by Nazim Pacha was com-  
pletely crushed in the great battle of  
the last two days on the Serral-Tcholu  
line. According to the semi-official  
"Mir" the Turks lost in killed and  
wounded more than double the losses  
at Lule Burgas. The Bulgarians are  
now pursuing the defeated enemy.

Regular communication has been re-  
stored between Lule Burgas and Kirk-  
Kiliseh by railroad.

The Bulgarian army in Macedonia is  
advancing rapidly down the valley of  
the Struma. The troops have occupied  
the Rupel Pass and are continuing  
their march upon the town of Serres.

The Turkish losses in killed and  
wounded during the five days' fighting  
in the vicinity of Lule Burgas and  
Bunarhisar are estimated at 25,000  
men. The Bulgarian troops captured  
thirty-seven batteries of quick-firing  
guns and took two thousand prisoners.  
They also seized four locomotives and  
243 railroad cars.

## WHITE FLAG FIRED UPON

Commandant at Scutari Says  
City Can Stand Long Siege.

Rieka, Montenegro, Nov. 6.—The  
Turkish garrison of Scutari fired on a  
steamer on Lake Scutari, on board of  
which the Austrian military attaché  
and a delegation of Montenegrins were  
conveying a demand for the surrender  
of the town. The steamer was flying  
the white flag at the time.

The commandant of Scutari has since  
apologized for the firing by his troops,  
declaring that their action was attrib-  
utable to overexcitement.

The Turkish commandant refuses to  
believe the news of the Bulgarian vic-  
tories in the eastern zone of the war,  
while he ridicules also the entry of the  
Servian troops into Uskub.

In reply to the Montenegrin demand  
for the surrender of Scutari he de-  
clared he was fully prepared to defend  
the city, which could withstand a  
three months' siege.

Sharp fighting is going on to the  
south of Scutari, near the Busate  
Mountains.

## SIX-POWER LOAN AGAIN

Chinese Government Makes  
New Overtures to Bankers.

London, Nov. 6.—Fresh loan negotia-  
tions between the Chinese government  
and the group of bankers representing  
the United States, Great Britain, Ger-  
many, France, Russia and Japan were  
opened at Peking yesterday. The news  
was communicated in the House of Com-  
mons to-day.

Local bankers interested in the so-  
called six-power Chinese loan conferred  
yesterday the cable report that the  
Chinese Minister of Finance had ap-  
proached the six-power group with the  
idea of reopening negotiations. The ad-  
vances were all being made from Peking,  
they said.

## KING IS DEFERENTIAL

Montenegrin Monarch Respect-  
ful to European Concert.

Vienna, Nov. 6.—King Nicholas of  
Montenegro discussed the intentions of  
the Balkan allies yesterday in the  
course of an interview with a corre-  
spondent printed in the Vienna "Tage-  
blatt." His majesty said:

"While the Balkan nations will settle  
their affairs for themselves, their vic-  
tories have not made them so daring  
as to forget to accommodate their  
wishes to the general situation in Eu-  
rope."

## SERVIANS TAKE MONASTIR

Dispatch from Rome Reports  
Surrender of Stronghold.

Rome, Nov. 6.—The Turkish strong-  
hold of Monastir surrendered at 2  
o'clock this afternoon to the Servian  
troops, according to a dispatch from  
Belgrade to the "Tribuna."

The whole of the 6th Army Corps,  
commanded by Fethi Pacha, was sta-  
tioned at Monastir, and many Turkish  
troops fleeing from other posts in the  
province have taken refuge there since  
the beginning of hostilities. The dis-  
patch does not say whether this great  
Turkish army surrendered to the in-  
vaders.

Monastir has been the scene of many  
massacres. Half of its population of  
40,000 professes the Christian faith.

## AUSTRIAN KAISER SPEAKS

Emperor Hopes for Peace, but  
Says His Army Is Ready.

Budapest, Nov. 6.—The desire for  
peace of the Austro-Hungarian gov-  
ernment was voiced to-day by Em-  
peror Francis Joseph in replying as  
King of Hungary to the addresses of  
the presidents of the delegations. After  
thanking them for the assurances they  
had given of their loyal devotion, his  
majesty said:

"Since the meeting of the last dele-  
gations grave warlike complications  
have broken out in the Balkan penin-  
sula which demand increased vigilance,  
in view of the fact that important in-  
terests of the monarchy are affected by  
the conflict.

"An early return of settled political  
and commercial conditions in the Near  
East appears urgently desirable. My  
government will be ready in agreement  
with the allied cabinets, and at the  
proper moment to participate in any  
action of the great powers having as  
its aim the restoration of peace. Dur-  
ing the last session of the delegations  
extraordinary credits for the army and  
navy were voted with praiseworthy  
self-abnegation. Through these credits  
the efficiency of our defensive forces  
has been strengthened in a gratifying  
manner."

## TWO AVIATORS KILLED

Motor Suddenly Stops When  
Plane Is 60 Feet from Ground.

Halberstadt, Germany, Nov. 6.—Two  
more German aviators were killed to-  
day. Lieutenant Altrichter was making a  
flight in a plane in which he carried an  
engineer named Meyer as a passenger  
when the motor suddenly stopped and the  
aeroplane plunged to the ground from a  
height of sixty feet. The two aviators  
were found dead in the shattered machine.  
This makes 210 victims of the aeroplane  
up to date.

## NEW SWISS CONSUL HERE.

A cable dispatch from Berna yester-  
day announced that the Swiss govern-  
ment had appointed Louis H. Junod Consul  
of Switzerland at New York, to succeed  
J. H. Schumann, who had resigned the  
place after forty years of service.

Mr. Junod is an importer at No. 95 Fifth  
avenue.

## ARLIS HURT?

The report comes from Boston to the  
effect that George Arliss, who is appear-  
ing in that city in "Overland," is suffer-  
ing from the effects of an injury to  
his hand, sustained a couple of weeks  
ago while cranking his automobile, that  
physicians now fear will result in the  
loss of the first of his fingers.

## THEATRICAL NOTES.

The premiere of "The Whip" has again  
been postponed, this time to Thursday  
night, November 14.

The dress rehearsal of "What All  
Vivs" Henry W. Savage's production of  
Robert Hughes' new "calisthenic" farce,  
will take place to-day on the stage of  
the Garden Theatre. Next Monday night  
at Ford's Opera House, Baltimore, the  
place will be given its first public per-  
formance. On November 18 the piece comes  
to New York.

Harrison Grey Flake announces the  
completion of negotiations with the Henry  
B. Harris estate whereby Mrs. Flake, in  
her new play, "The High Road," will  
play the part of the late Mrs. Harris.  
The play will be given at the Hudson  
Theatre, on Tuesday, November 13, di-  
rectly following her current engagement  
in Chicago.

"The Passing Show of 1912," at the Win-  
ter Garden, will close on November 16  
"Broadway to Paris," a new "musical  
causerie," in which Gertrude Hoffman  
and a large company are now appearing  
and will be the next attraction, the  
first presentation being Wednesday even-  
ing, November 20. In addition to Miss  
Hoffman, the cast will include Louise  
Hoffman, Sam Mann, Maurice and Walton,  
the Aherns Trio, Marion Sunshine,  
Josephine Haeger, George Bickel, James T.  
Duffy, Joseph B. Shrode, James M. Har-  
rison, Milbury Ryder, Henry Auld and  
ninety others. Embarked in the cast will  
be Miss Irene Bordoni, who will continue  
as a feature at the Winter Garden. She  
will appear in one of the French scenes  
and sing three songs, all especially writ-  
ten for her.

The name of Mme. Simone's play in  
which she is to appear on November 18  
has been changed again from "Versailles  
—1870" to "The Paper Chase."

Mme. Alla Nazimova will make her first  
appearance in the role of Bella Donna to-  
morrow night at the Trent Theatre, Tren-  
ton.

Cyril Keightley, who played the chief  
part in "The New Sin," has been engaged  
by Charles Frohman for one of the two  
principal parts in "The Spy," the Henry  
Kistenebaek play, which, under the  
title of "La Flamme," ran for over a  
year at the Athlete Theatre last season.

Allan Ayresworth, who will be associ-  
ated with William A. Brady in the Lon-  
don production of "Bought and Paid For,"  
declared yesterday that he had engaged  
Hilda Caryl for the role of Virginia  
Blaine.

Contracts were signed yesterday be-  
tween F. P. Proctor and David Belasco  
for the appearance soon at the Fifth  
Avenue Theatre of the latter's specta-  
cular tabloid military drama, "The Drums  
of God."

H. H. Frazee will produce Edwin Milton  
Boyle's new play, "The Unwritten Law,"  
some time before January. Mr. Frazee  
announces that he will engage an all-  
star cast for the Boyle play.



"IT'S A NEW ONE ON ME!"

## JOHN L. WILSON DIES

Rose from Pension Clerk To Be  
U. S. Senator.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]  
Washington, Nov. 6.—John L. Wilson,  
ex-United States Senator from Wash-  
ington and owner of "The Seattle Post-  
Intelligencer," died at the New Willard  
Hotel here this morning of heart disease.  
Mr. and Mrs. Wilson came to Wash-  
ington several days ago, on their way to  
visit the Panama Canal. Early this morn-  
ing Mr. Wilson was seized with a sinking  
spell and a physician was called, but he  
died within two hours. The body will be  
taken to Crawfordville, Ind., the birth-  
place of the former Senator, to-morrow  
evening.

Mr. Wilson, who was the brother of  
Henry Lane Wilson, United States Am-  
bassador to Mexico, was born August 7,  
1850, and was graduated from Wash-  
ington College in 1874. For a time he was a  
United States pension clerk in Wash-  
ington. In 1880 he was elected to the In-  
diana Legislature. Two years later he  
went to Spokane. He was a member  
of the 52d and 53d congresses, re-  
signing in 1895, when he was elected  
United States Senator to serve the un-  
expired term of John B. Allen, who died  
in 1893.

## COLONEL N. P. LANE.

[By Telegram to The Tribune.]

Passaic, N. J., Nov. 6.—Colonel Na-  
thaniel Plumm Lane, one of the few sur-  
viving heroes of the 7th New York Regi-  
ment who marched down Broadway at  
President Lincoln's call for volunteers in  
the Civil War, is dead at his home, No.  
30 Van Houten avenue. He was sixty-  
eight years old. At the age of seventeen  
and against his parents' wishes Lane en-  
listed in the 7th Regiment, falsifying his  
age. Colonel Lefferts of the 7th prom-  
ised his father to watch out for the son.  
Lane took part in all of the battles, and  
was wounded in the head at the battle of  
Gettysburg. On recovery he was made  
lieutenant of the 66th New York Regi-  
ment, later captain and then colonel. He  
led what survivors there were of this re-  
giment back to New York at the end of  
the war. He attended the fifty-year re-  
union of the 7th Regiment in New York  
last year. He had lived in New York  
until a few years ago. The funeral will  
be in Philadelphia. A wife and one son  
survive.

## FREDERICK C. F. STRECKFUSS.

[By Telegram to The Tribune.]

Passaic, N. J., Nov. 6.—Frederick  
Charles F. Streckfuss, former president of  
the Passaic City Council, died suddenly  
to-day at his home, No. 243 Harrison  
street, from neuritis of the heart. He  
had celebrated his sixty-first birthday yester-  
day.

## THE REV. DR. HENRY S. NASH.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 6.—The Rev. Dr.  
Henry Sylvester Nash, recognized by  
many theologians as the foremost New  
Testament scholar in the country, died  
at his home here to-day. He was profes-  
sor of literature and interpretation of the  
New Testament at the Episcopal Theological  
School.

Professor Nash was born in Newark,  
Ohio, in 1854. He was graduated from  
Harvard in 1878. He had held his chair  
at the Theological School for twenty-five  
years. In 1903 Dr. Nash was called to  
Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, but did  
not accept.

## OBITUARY NOTE.

AUGUST QUOTRUP, treasurer of  
Loesser & Co., of Brooklyn, died on Tues-  
day night in his home in Richmond Hill,  
Queens. He was stricken with apoplexy  
last Saturday. Mr. Quotrup was born in  
Denmark seventy years ago. He was a  
veteran of the war between Denmark  
and Germany. He leaves a wife and sev-  
eral children.

## PLANS MATERNITY WARD

Salvation Army Also to Have  
Children's Home.

Among the applications made before a  
public hearing of a committee of the  
State Board of Charities at the United  
Charities Building yesterday afternoon  
for certificates of incorporation were two  
by the Salvation Army for a maternity  
ward in the Army's Rescue and Indus-  
trial Home for Women, at No. 316 East  
15th street, which has been in operation  
at No. 315 East 15th street for about two  
years, and for a children's home at Tap-  
pan, N. Y., in place of the home for  
young women which is now conducted  
there.

It was pointed out to the committee  
that both of these homes had been run in  
violation of the Army's charter, which  
provides that no place of rest or recu-  
peration may be conducted by the Army  
without the written consent of the State  
Board of Charities, but Adjutant Under-  
wood, who appeared in behalf of the  
Army, explained that the Army had  
received both of these homes before it  
received a charter, and that it now  
wishes to have them legalized under the  
act. Dr. John H. Huddleston told the  
committee that the maternity ward was  
urgently needed.

Another application was from the Har-  
lem Reformed Church, founded in 1890,  
to establish a general dispensary at No. 130  
East 123d street, directly back of its East  
Side headquarters in Elmendorf Chapel.  
E. W. Summers, representing the Har-  
lem Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital, ar-  
gued against the granting of a charter  
which would allow the church to spe-  
cialize on the treatment of eye, ear and  
throat diseases, but stated that he had  
no objection to the establishment of a  
general dispensary in the neighborhood.

Miss Evelyn M. Goldsmith, who went  
to Europe several years ago with the  
Moseley commission to study the care of  
crippled children, applied for permission  
to incorporate a seaside home for crippled  
children at Arverne, Long Island. She  
declared that there were six hundred  
crippled children in the public  
schools of the city and that the need for  
such work was great.

The New York Polyclinic Medical School  
and Hospital, now in East 84th street,  
applied for a new certificate of incor-  
poration at No. 341 West 90th street, under  
the name of